# TOWN OF BLUEJACKET, OKLAHOMA REPORT ON AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTAL DATA FOR THE TWELVE MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

CYNTHIA L WARREN CPA, P.C.

Eufaula, Oklahoma 74432

#### TOWN OF BLUEJACKET BLUEJACKET, OKLAHOMA JUNE 30, 2013

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#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Board of Commissioners Town of Bluejacket Bluejacket, Oklahoma

#### **Report on the Financial Statements**

I have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, and the major funds of the Town of Bluejacket as of and for the year ended June 30, 2013, which collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### **Auditor's Responsibility**

My responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on my audit. I conducted my audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that I plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the Town's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town's internal control. Accordingly, I express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my audit opinion.

#### **Opinion**

In my opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Town of Bluejacket as of June 30, 2013, and the changes in its financial position and its cash flows for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Other Matters**

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the *Management's Discussion and Analysis* on pages 5 through 10 and the Budgetary Comparison on page 31 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a required part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operations, economic, or historical context. I have applied certain limited procedures on the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the method of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to my inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge I obtained during my audit of the basic financial statements. I do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Report Issued in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, I have also issued a report dated April 20, 2014 on my consideration of the Town of Bluejacket's internal control over financial reporting and my tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grant agreements, and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of my testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Cynthia L Warren CPA, P.C. Eufaula, Oklahoma April 10, 2014

#### Town of Bluejacket P.O. Box 59 Bluejacket, Oklahoma 74333

## MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS JUNE 30, 2013

The discussion and analysis of the Town of Bluejacket's financial performance provides an overview and analysis of the Town's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2013. The information contained in this MD&A should be read in conjunction with the accompanying basic financial statements.

#### Financial Highlights

The assets of the Town of Bluejacket exceeded its liabilities at the close of the fiscal year ending June 30, 2013 by \$602,002. Of this amount, \$48,668 (unrestricted) may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

The Town of Bluejacket's net position decreased by \$34,429. This decrease is attributable to excesses of expenditures over revenues.

The Town of Bluejacket's total debt decreased by \$13,934 during the current fiscal year including a decrease in restricted assets.

Revenues of the Town increased \$22,511 and expenses decreased \$30,648 for a change in net position of \$8,137.

#### Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis serves as an introduction to the Town of Bluejacket's basic financial statements. The Town of Bluejacket's basic financial statements are comprised of three components, government-wide financial statements, fund financial statements, and notes to the financial statements. The basic statements provide readers with a broad overview of the Town's finances. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the basic financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

#### Government-wide financial statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the Town of Bluejacket's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business. The Statement of Net Position presents information on all of the Town of Bluejacket's assets and liabilities, with the differences between the two reported as net assets. Over time, increases or decreases in net assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether the Town of Bluejacket is improving or deteriorating. The Statement of Net Position combines and consolidates governmental funds' current financial resources with capital assets and long-term obligations. Other nonfinancial factors should also be taken into consideration such as economic factors. The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the Town's net assets changed during the most recent fiscal year. Both the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities are prepared utilizing the accrual basis of accounting and economic resources measurement focus.

#### MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS JUNE 30, 2013

#### Fund Financial Statements

Fund financial statements focus separately on governmental funds and proprietary funds. Governmental fund statements report only current financial resources on the modified accrual basis of accounting. As a result, capital assets and long-term debt are not reported in government fund financial statements. Proprietary fund financial statements are presented, similar to the government-wide financial statements, on the economic resources measurement focus and accrual basis of accounting, and include all assets and liabilities. The Town's major funds are presented in their own column and the remaining funds are combined into a column titled "Non-major".

#### Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes to the financial statements provide additional disclosures required by governmental accounting standards and provide information to assist the reader in understanding the Town's financial condition.

#### Supplementary Information

As required by generally accepted accounting principles, a budgetary comparison is presented for the general fund which is the only major governmental fund for which a budget is legally adopted.

#### Town as a Whole

#### Government-wide Financial Statements

The following is a condensed version of the Statement of Net Position as of June 30, 2013 as compared to the Statement of Net Position as of June 30, 2012:

	6/30/2013			6/30/2012	Variance		
Current Assets:							
Governmental Activities	\$	35,602	\$	48,239	\$	(12,637)	
Business-type Activities		14,016		13,446		570	
		49,618		61,685		(12,067)	
Noncurrent Assets:							
Governmental Activities		28,114		35,863		(7,749)	
Business-type Activities		698,538		724,802		(26,264)	
		726,652		760,665		(34,013)	
Total Assets	\$	776,270	\$	822,350	\$	(46,080)	
Current Liabilities:							
Governmental Activities	\$	3,104	\$	2,460	\$	644	
Business-type Activities		18,272		18,642		(370)	
		21,376		21,102		274	
Noncurrent Liabilities:							
Governmental Activities		-		-		-	
Business-type Activities		152,892		164,817		(11,925)	
		152,892		164,817		(11,925)	
Total Liabilities		174,268		185,919		(11,651)	
Net Position:							
Invested in Capital Assets, Net:							
Governmental Activities		16,701		24,507		(7,806)	
Business-type Activities		527,130		543,480		(16,350)	

	543,831	567,987	(24,156)
Restricted:			
Governmental Activities	-	-	-
Business-type Activities	9,503	7,571	1,932
	9,503	7,571	1,932
Unrestricted:			
Governmental Activities	43,911	57,135	(13,224)
Business-type Activities	4,757	3,738	1,019
	48,668	60,873	(12,205)
Net Position	\$ 602,002	\$ 636,431	\$ (34,429)

The Town had a decrease in total assets when compared to the previous year in the amount of \$46,080. Total liabilities decreased as a result of principal payments on long-term debt.

Total net position decreased \$34,429, the difference between revenues and expenses.

# MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS JUNE 30, 2013

A condensed version of the Statement of Activities follows:

	<u>6/</u>	6/30/2013		/30/2012	Variance		
Governmental Activities:							
Program Revenues:							
General Government	\$	36,465	\$	2,499	\$	33,966	
Street and Alley		3,058		2,309		749	
Public Safety - Traffic		27,075		11,048		16,027	
Fire		18,544		16,488		2,056	
		85,142		32,344		52,798	
General Revenues:							
Taxes		20,960		26,497		(5,537)	
Investment Earnings		68		179		(111)	
State Alcohol Beverage Tax		4,169		2,913		1,256	
Miscellaneous		3,894		19,495		(15,601)	
		29,091		49,084		(19,993)	
<b>Business-Type Activities:</b>							
Program Revenues:							
Public Works - Water		71,558		67,416		4,142	
Public Works - Sewer		31,205		30,380		825	
		102,763		97,796		4,967	
General Revenues:							
Investment Earnings		27		36		(9)	
Miscellaneous		_		15,252		(15,252)	
		27	-	15,288		(15,261)	
Total Revenues		217,023		194,512		22,511	
Governmental Activities:							
Expenses:							
General Government	\$	81,591	\$	32,601	\$	48,990	
Emergency Management		617		615		2	
Park		5,182		6,372		(1,190)	
Street and Alley		1,718		4,185		(2,467)	
Cemetery		4,207		4,493		(286)	
Public Safety - Traffic		15,338		13,312		2,026	
Fire		26,610		24,362		2,248	
		135,263		85,940		49,323	
<b>Business-Type Activities:</b>							
Expenses:							
Public Works - Water	\$	70,547	\$	79,483	\$	(8,936)	
Public Works - Sewer		45,642		55,381		(9,739)	
		116,189		134,864		(18,675)	
Total Program Expenses		251,452		220,804		30,648	
Change in Net Position		(34,429)		(26,292)		(8,137)	
Net Position, Beginning		636,431		662,723		(26,292)	
Net Position, Ending	\$	602,002	\$	636,431	\$	(34,429)	

# MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS JUNE 30, 2013

The above Statement of Activities remains similar to prior year; however, there are some variations. The change in net position is a \$34,429 decrease from the prior year.

#### Fund Financial Information and Budgetary Highlights

The Town of Bluejacket operates under the Budget Act statutes of Oklahoma. Over the course of the year, there were no budget revisions. At the end of the year, the general fund had an unfavorable variance over its budget of \$7,024.

#### Capital Assets and Debt Administration

#### Capital Assets

At June 30, 2013, the Town has \$698,501 invested in capital assets, including machinery and equipment, buildings, the water system and the sewer system. Infrastructures prior to July 1, 2003 are not included in these amounts.

	Balance			Balance
	6/30/2012	Additions	<b>Deletions</b>	6/30/2013
Buildings	58,940	-	-	58,940
Water and Sewer System	1,330,761	-	-	1,330,761
Machinery and Equipment	65,789			65,789
	1,455,490	-	-	1,455,490
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	718,899	38,090		756,989
	\$ 736,591	\$ (38,090)	\$ -	\$ 698,501

#### Debt Outstanding

The Town of Bluejacket has not incurred any new debt during the current year. There are two outstanding debts owed by the Bluejacket Public Works Authority, a note to Rural Development in the amount of \$147,540 and a note to GMAC in the amount of \$7,130. During the year ending June 30, 2013, principal payments of \$13,934 and interest of \$7,805 were paid.

See Note 5 on page 27 for additional information on long-term debt activity and balances.

#### Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets

The Town of Bluejacket budgeted \$50,025 in estimated revenues for the general fund for the year June 30, 2014. This budget estimates total expenditures budget allowable of \$50,025.

#### Financial Contact

The Town's financial statements are designed to present users with a general over view of the Town's finances and to demonstrate the Town's accountability. If you have questions about the report or need additional financial information, please contact the Mayor or Town Clerk at Town Hall, Bluejacket, Oklahoma, 74333.

#### TOWN OF BLUEJACKET, OKLAHOMA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2013

	Governmental <u>Activities</u>			siness-type Activities	Total
ASSETS			_		
<b>Current Assets:</b>					
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	33,237	\$	3,158	\$ 36,395
Accounts Receivable, Net		2,365		10,858	 13,223
Total Current Assets		35,602		14,016	 49,618
Noncurrent Assets:					
Investments		11,413		-	11,413
Restricted Cash, Debt Reserve		-		9,503	9,503
Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalents,					
Customer Deposits		-		7,235	7,235
Capital Assets, Net of Depreciation		16,701		681,800	 698,501
Total Assets	\$	63,716	\$	712,554	\$ 776,270
LIABILITIES					
Current Liabilities:					
Accounts Payable	\$	3,104	\$	5,212	\$ 8,316
Accrued Interest Payable		-		512	512
Notes Payable, Current		<u>-</u>		12,548	 12,548
<b>Total Current Liabilities</b>		3,104		18,272	 21,376
Noncurrent Liabilities:					
Customer Deposits Payable		-		10,770	10,770
Notes Payable		_		142,122	 142,122
Total Noncurrent Liabilities				152,892	 152,892
Total Liabilities		3,104		171,164	 174,268
NET POSITION					
Invested in Capital Assets, Net of					
Related Debt		16,701		527,130	543,831
Restricted		-		9,503	9,503
Unrestricted		43,911		4,757	 48,668
Total Net Position		60,612		541,390	 602,002
Total Liabilities and Net Position	\$	63,716	\$	712,554	\$ 776,270

Exhibit B

#### TOWN OF BLUEJACKET, OKLAHOMA STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE TWELVE MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

											` -	ises) Reven	ue	
			Program Revenues					and Char	iges in	Net Assets				
					Ope	erating	Caj	pital						
			Cha	rges for	Gra	nts and	Gran	ts and	Gove	ernmental	Busi	ness-type		
	<u>E</u> :	<u>xpenses</u>	Se	ervices	Cont	<u>ributions</u>	<u>Contri</u>	<u>butions</u>	A	<u>ctivities</u>	A	<u>ctivities</u>		<b>Total</b>
Governmental Activities:														
General Government	\$	81,591	\$	-	\$	36,465	\$	-	\$	(45,126)	\$	-	\$	(45,126)
Emergency Management		617		-		-		-		(617)		-		(617)
Park		5,182		-		-		-		(5,182)		-		(5,182)
Street and Alley		1,718		-		3,058		-		1,340		-		1,340
Cemetery		4,207		-		-		-		(4,207)		-		(4,207)
Public Safety - Traffic		15,338		27,075		-		-		11,737		-		11,737
Fire		26,610		10,477		8,067	-	<u> </u>		(8,066)		<u> </u>		(8,066)
<b>Total Governmental</b>														
Activities		135,263		37,552		47,590				(50,121)				(50,121)
<b>Business-type Activities:</b>														
Public Works - Water		70,547		71,558		-		-		-		1,011		1,011
Public Works - Sewer		45,642		31,205								(14,437)		(14,437)
<b>Total Business-type</b>														
Activities		116,189		102,763		<u> </u>	-	<u> </u>		<u> </u>		(13,426)		(13,426)
Total	\$	251,452	\$	140,315	\$	47,590	\$	<u> </u>	\$	(50,121)	\$	(13,426)	\$	(63,547)

#### TOWN OF BLUEJACKET, OKLAHOMA STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES, CONTINUED FOR THE TWELVE MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

Net (Expenses) Revenue

	and Changes in Net Assets						
	Governmental <u>Activities</u>	<u>Total</u>					
Program Revenues:							
Expenses (Over) Under Revenues	(50,121)	(13,426)	(63,547)				
General Revenues:							
Taxes:							
Sales Tax	12,081	-	12,081				
Franchise Tax	8,879	-	8,879				
Intergovernmental - State Alcohol Beverage Tax	4,169	-	4,169				
Investments Earnings	68	27	95				
Miscellaneous	3,894		3,894				
Total General Revenues	29,091	27	29,118				
Changes in Net Assets	(21,030)	(13,399)	(34,429)				
Net Position at Beginning of Year	81,642	554,789	636,431				
Net Position at End of Year	\$ 60,612	\$ 541,390	\$ 602,002				

#### TOWN OF BLUEJACKET, OKLAHOMA BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2013

		Total				
	General	Department	Non-major	Governmental		
	<b>Fund</b>	<b>Fund</b>	<b>Funds</b>	<b>Funds</b>		
ASS						
Cash	\$ 10,694	\$ 7,204	\$ 15,339	\$ 33,237		
Accounts Receivable, Net	2,110	-	255	2,365		
Investments		11,413		11,413		
Total Current Assets	\$ 12,804	\$ 18,617	\$ 15,594	\$ 47,015		
LIABILITI	ES AND FUND BA	LANCES				
Accounts Payable	1,591	<u>574</u>	939	3,104		
Total Current Liabilities	1,591	574	939	3,104		
Fund Balances:						
Unreserved Fund Balance	11,213	18,043	14,655	43,911		
<b>Total Fund Balances</b>	11,213	18,043	14,655	43,911		
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$ 12,804	\$ 18,617	\$ 15,594			
Capital Assets, net of accumulated						
depreciation, used in Governmental						
Activities are not current financial						
resources and therefore are not						
reported in the governmental funds.				<u>16,701</u>		
Net Assets of Governmental Activities				\$ 60,612		

#### **Exhibit D**

#### TOWN OF BLUEJACKET, OKLAHOMA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

		eneral <u>'und</u>	Fire Department <u>Fund</u>		Non-major <u>Funds</u>		Total Governmental <u>Funds</u>		
Revenues:									
Taxes	\$	25,129	\$	-	\$	-	\$	25,129	
Intergovernmental -									
State Gas Excise and Vehicle Tax		-		-		3,058		3,058	
Dues		-		10,477		-		10,477	
Traffic Fines		27,075		-		-		27,075	
Miscellaneous		25		15		3,854		3,894	
Operating Grants		14,465		8,067		=		22,532	
Operating Grants - ODOC		22,000		-		=		22,000	
Interest		9		56		3		68	
<b>Total Revenues</b>		88,703		18,615		6,915		114,233	
<b>Current Expenditures:</b>									
<b>General Government</b>									
Personal Services		14,145		-		-		14,145	
Maintenance and Operations		18,650		-		-		18,650	
Operating Grant Expenditures		19,690		-		-		19,690	
Operating Grant Exp - ODOC		22,000		-		-		22,000	
<b>Emergency Management</b>									
Maintenance and Operations		617		-		=		617	
Park - Maintenance and Operations		5,182		-		-		5,182	
Street and Alley									
Maintenance and Operations		105		-		1,613		1,718	
Cemetery									
Maintenance and Operations		-		-		4,207		4,207	
<b>Public Safety</b>									
Traffic Fine Expense		15,338		-		-		15,338	
Fire Department									
Personal Services		-		1,300		=		1,300	
Maintenance and Operations		<u>-</u>		24,610		<u>-</u>		24,610	
Total Expenditures		95,727		25,910		5,820		127,457	
Net Change in Fund Balance		(7,024)		(7,295)		1,095		(13,224)	
Fund Balance, Beginning		18,237		25,338		13,560			
Fund Balance, Ending	\$	11,213	\$	18,043	\$	14,655			
Adjustments for the Statement of Act		11,215	Ψ	10,013	Ψ	11,000			
Governmental funds report capital our governmental activities report depreci expenditures over the life of the assets	tlays as e ation ex	pense to allo	cate tho						
less capital disposals and depreciation			-	-				(7,806)	
• •	capense	in the curre	in perio	u.			_		
Change in Net Assets							\$	(21,030)	
See accompanying notes to the bas	sic finai	ncıal stater	nents.						

#### TOWN OF BLUEJACKET, OKLAHOMA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - PROPRIETARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2013

	Public Works <u>Sewer</u>			ic Works <u>Vater</u>	Total Enterprise <u>Funds</u>	
ASSETS			_	,		
<b>Current Assets:</b>						
Cash	\$	2,286	\$	872	\$	3,158
Accounts Receivable, Net		2,641		8,217		10,858
Due from Other Programs		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		_
Total Current Assets		4,927		9,089		14,016
Noncurrent Assets:						
Restricted Cash, Debt Reserve		3,310		6,193		9,503
Restricted Cash, Meter Funds		-		7,235		7,235
Fixed Assets, Net of Depreciation		550,458		131,342		681,800
Total Assets	\$	558,695	\$	153,859	\$	712,554
LIABILITIES	-					7
Current Liabilities:						
Accounts Payable	\$	90	\$	5,122	\$	5,212
Accrued Interest Payable		222		290		512
Due to Other Programs		-		-		-
Notes Payable, Current Portion		5,418		7,130		12,548
<b>Total Current Liabilities</b>		5,730		12,542		18,272
Noncurrent Liabilities:						
Customer Deposits Payable		-		10,770		10,770
Notes Payable, Less Current Maturities		142,122				142,122
Total Noncurrent Liabilities		142,122		10,770		152,892
Total Liabilities		147,852		23,312		171,164
NET POSITION						
Invested in Capital Assets, Net of						
Related Debt		402,918		124,212		527,130
Restricted		3,310		6,193		9,503
Unrestricted		4,615		142		4,757
Total Net Position		410,843		130,547		541,390
Total Liabilities and Net Position	\$	558,695	\$	153,859	\$	712,554

#### TOWN OF BLUEJACKET, OKLAHOMA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION - PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

	Publi	ic Works	Publi	c Works	Fotal terprise
		ewer_		Vater_	Tunds
<b>Operating Revenues:</b>					
Charges for services - Utilities	\$	31,205	\$	71,558	\$ 102,763
<b>Total Revenues</b>		31,205		71,558	 102,763
Operating Expenses:					
Salaries and Wages		2,800		13,942	16,742
Trash Service		-		15,207	15,207
Repairs and Maintenance		-		6,998	6,998
Materials and Supplies		4,723		8,454	13,177
Testing and Fees		1,045		1,282	2,327
Other Services and Charges		2,093		7,864	9,957
Insurance		1,200		1,721	2,921
Utilities		2,386		8,385	10,771
Depreciation		23,885		6,399	 30,284
Total Expenditures		38,132		70,252	 108,384
Net Operating Income		(6,927)		1,306	(5,621)
Non-operating Revenue(Expense)					
Investment Income		10		17	27
Interest Expense		(7,510)		(295)	 (7,805)
<b>Total Non-operating Revenue(Expense)</b>		(7,500)		(278)	 (7,778)
Inamaga (Daguaga) in Not Aggeta		(14.427)		1.029	(12 200)
Increase (Decrease) in Net Assets		(14,427)		1,028	(13,399)
Net Position, Beginning		425,270		129,519	 554,789
Net Position, Ending	\$	410,843	\$	130,547	\$ 541,390

#### TOWN OF BLUEJACKET, OKLAHOMA STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

		ic Works <u>ewer</u>	lic Works <u>Water</u>	Total Enterprise <u>Funds</u>
Cash Flows from Operating Activities:				
Receipts from Customers	\$	31,103	\$ 70,900	102,003
Receipt of Other Income		-	725	725
Payments to Employees		(2,892)	(13,942)	(16,834)
Payments to Suppliers and Vendors		(12,212)	 (47,715)	(59,927)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities		15,999	9,968	25,967
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities	<b>:</b>			
Principal Paid on Long-term Debt		(5,155)	(8,779)	(13,934)
Interest Paid on Long-term Debt		(7,517)	 (712)	(8,229)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Capital and Related				
Financing Activities		(12,672)	 (9,491)	(22,163)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities:				
Receipts of Interest Income		10	17	27
Net Cash Provided (Used) from Investing Activities		10	 17	27
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents		3,337	494	3,831
Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning		2,260	 13,806	16,066
Cash and Cash Equivalents, Ending	\$	5,597	\$ 14,300	\$ 19,897

#### TOWN OF BLUEJACKET, OKLAHOMA STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

	Public Works <u>Sewer</u>	Public Works <u>Water</u>	Total Enterprise <u>Funds</u>
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities:			
Operating Income (Loss)	\$ (6,927	1,306	\$ (5,621)
Adjustments to reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to Net			
Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities:			
Depreciation	23,88	5 6,399	30,284
Change in Assets and Liabilities:			
Accounts Receivable	(102	2) (658)	(760)
Accounts Payable	(857	2,921	2,064
Total Adjustments	22,92	<u>6</u> <u>8,662</u>	31,588
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	\$ 15,99	9,968	\$ 25,967

#### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting and reporting policies of the Town of Bluejacket (the Town) relating to the fund types included in the financial statements conform to generally accepted accounting principles prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. The following represent the more significant accounting and reporting policies and practices of the Town.

#### Reporting Entity

The Town of Bluejacket, for financial reporting purposes, includes all funds and authorities over which the Town council exercises oversight responsibility. Oversight responses defined by NCGA, Statement 3, was determined on the basis of the Town's ability to significantly influence operations, select the governing authority, and participate in fiscal management and scope of public service. On this basis, the reporting entity of the Town of Bluejacket includes all its funds as well as the accounts of the blended component unit; the Bluejacket Public Works Authority (the Authority).

The Bluejacket Public Works Authority is a public trust created under the authority of and pursuant to the provisions of Title 60, Oklahoma Statutes 1961, and Sections 176 to 180, for the use and benefit of the Town of Bluejacket. The trust has as its purpose to budget, construct, plan, establish, install, enlarge, improve, equip, operate, control and regulate facilities, whether water, sewer, gas, electric or other forms or types of public and municipal services within and without the corporate boundaries of the Town of Bluejacket. The Town council members of the Town of Bluejacket act as trustees of the Authority.

#### Basis of Presentation

#### Management's Discussion and Analysis:

GASB 34 requires the financial statements be accompanied by a narrative introduction and analytical overview of the Town's financial activities in the form of management's discussion and analysis (MD&A).

#### Government-wide Financial Statements:

The Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities display information about the reporting government as a whole. They include all funds of the reporting entity except for the fiduciary funds of which the Town has none. The statements distinguish between governmental and business-type activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange revenues. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties for goods or services.

#### Fund Financial Statements:

Fund financial statements of the reporting entity are organized into funds, each of which is considered to be separate accounting entities. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that constitute its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues, and expenditure/expenses. Funds are organized into three major categories: governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary. An emphasis is placed on major funds within the governmental and proprietary categories. The funds of the financial reporting entity are described below:

#### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, Continued

#### Fund Financial Statements:

Fund financial statements of the reporting entity are organized into funds, each of which is considered to be separate accounting entities. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that constitute its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues, and expenditure/expenses. Funds are organized into three major categories: governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary. An emphasis is placed on major funds within the governmental and proprietary categories. The funds of the financial reporting entity are described below:

#### Governmental Funds:

<u>General Fund</u> - The general fund is the primary operating fund of the Town and always classified as a major fund. This fund accounts for all activities except those legally or administratively required to be accounted for in other funds.

<u>Special Revenue Fund</u> - These funds are used to account for the revenues derived from specific taxes, governmental grants, or other revenue sources which are designated to finance particular functions or activities of the Town. The Town's special revenue funds consist of the following funds: Street & Alley, Fire and Cemetery funds.

#### Proprietary Fund Types:

Enterprise Fund - Enterprise Funds are used to account for operations (a) that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises - where the intent of the governing body is that the costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges; or (b) where the governing body has been decided that periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred, and/or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability or other purposes. The Town's Enterprise fund consists of the following funds: Bluejacket Public Works Authority.

#### Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

Measurement focus is a term used to describe "which" transactions are recorded within the various financial statements. Basis of accounting refers to "when" transactions are recorded regardless of the measurement focus applied.

The government-wide financial statements and proprietary funds are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Grants and similar items are recognized as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible with the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the Town considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days after year end. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred. Capital assets and long-term debt are not reported in governmental fund financial statements because they do not involve current financial resources.

#### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, Continued

#### Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the accounting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### **Budget Process**

Annually a legally adopted budget is prepared for the General Fund and other governmental funds and an operating budget forecast is prepared for the Public Works Authority Funds. The budgets are formally approved by the Board of Trustees before filing with the State of Oklahoma. Actual expenditures within the General Fund may not legally exceed the adopted budget appropriations at the object category level within the department of a fund.

#### Assets, Liabilities, and Equity

#### Cash and Cash Equivalents:

For the purpose of the Statement of Net Position, and the proprietary funds Statement of Cash Flows, "cash and cash equivalents" includes all demand and savings accounts and certificates of deposit with an original maturity of three months or less.

#### Investments:

Investments consist of long-term certificates of deposits and are stated at cost, which approximates market unless otherwise indicated with a maturity at the time of purchase of more than three months.

#### Receivables:

In the government-wide statements, receivables consist of all revenues earned at year-end and not yet received. Allowances for uncollectible accounts receivable are based upon historical trends and the periodic aging of accounts receivables.

#### Restricted Assets:

Under the terms of the loan agreements, the Bluejacket Public Works Authority must maintain certain "funds". These are not funds in the sense of fiscal and accounting entities with self-balancing sets of accounts; they merely represent mandatory asset segregation. The primary restricted assets are related to loan reserves and utility meter deposits.

#### Capital Assets:

The accounting treatment over property, plant and equipment (capital assets) depends on whether the assets are used in governmental fund operations or proprietary fund operations and whether they are reported in the government-wide or fund financial statements.

#### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, Continued

#### **Government-wide Statements**

All capital assets are valued at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual is unavailable, except for donated capital assets which are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of donation. Prior to July 1, 2003, governmental funds' infrastructure assets were not capitalized. It is the policy of the Town to capitalize all assets with a cost of \$1,000 or greater.

Depreciation of all exhaustible capital assets is recorded as an allocated expense in the Statement of Activities, with accumulated depreciation reflected in the Statement of Net Position. Depreciation is provided over the assets' estimated useful lives using the straight-line method of depreciation. The range of estimated useful lives by type of asset is as follow:

Buildings	30 - 40 years
Improvements	15 - 20 years
Machinery and Equipment	3 - 20 years
Infrastructure	15 - 40 years

#### **Fund Financial Statements**

In the fund financial statements, capital assets used in governmental fund operations are accounted for as capital outlay expenditures of the governmental fund upon acquisition. Capital assets used in proprietary fund operations are accounted for the same as in the government-wide statements.

#### Long-term Debt:

The accounting treatment of long-term debt depends on whether the assets are used in governmental fund operations or proprietary fund operations and whether they are reported in the government-wide or fund financial statements. All long-term debt to be repaid from governmental and business type resources are reported as liabilities in the government-wide statements. The long-term debt consists primarily of notes payable.

#### Equity Classifications:

#### **Government-wide Statements**

Equity is classified as net position and displayed in the following components:

- A. Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt Consists of capital assets including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets.
- B. Restricted Consists of net assets with constraints placed on the use either by external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributions, or laws or regulations of other governments; or law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- C. Unrestricted All other net assets that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "invested in capital assets, net of related debt."

#### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, Continued

#### **Fund Statements**

Governmental fund equity is classified as fund balance. Fund Balance is further classified as reserved and unreserved, with unreserved further split between designated and undesignated. Proprietary fund equity is classified the same as in the government-wide statements.

#### Revenues, Expenditures, and Expenses

#### Sales Tax:

The Town is currently receiving sales tax on each dollar. This is deposited into the general fund for the purpose of paying the operation and maintenance costs incurred by the Town.

#### *Operating Revenues and Expenses:*

Operating revenues and expenses for proprietary funds are those that result from providing services and delivering goods and/or services. It also includes all revenue and expenses not related to capital and related financing, noncapital financing, or investing activities.

#### Expenditures/Expenses:

In the government-wide financial statements, expenses are classified by function for both governmental and business-type activities.

In the fund financial statements, expenditures are classified as follows:

Government Funds - By Character
Current
Capital Outlay
Proprietary Fund - By Operating and Non-operating.

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report expenditures of financial resources. Proprietary funds report expenses relating to use of economic resources.

#### **Interfund Transfers**

Interfund receivables and payables arise from Interfund transactions and are recorded by all programs affected in the period in which the transactions are executed. These receivables and payables within the same fund type are eliminated for presentation of the financial statements in the government-wide statements. Net receivables and payables between governmental activities and business-type activities are reported as internal balances and internal transfers.

#### NOTE 2 - CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, RESTRICTED CASH AND INVESTMENTS

The Town of Bluejacket is governed by the deposit and investment limitations of state law. The deposits and investments held at June 30, 2013, and reported at fair value are as follow:

ТҮРЕ	Carrying <u>Value</u>			
Deposits:				
Demand Deposits	\$	53,133		
Investments:				
Certificates of Deposit		11,413		
<b>Total Deposits and Investments</b>	\$	64,546		
Reconciliation to Statement of Net Position:				
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	36,395		
Investments		11,413		
Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalents, Customer Deposits		7,235		
Restricted Investments, Debt Reserve		9,503		
	\$	64,546		

Custodial Credit Risk - State law governs the requirements for managing custodial credit risk. Such law requires uninsured deposits to be secured with collateral having market value at least equal to the amount of uninsured deposits. Deposits in financial institutions, reported as components of cash, cash equivalents, and investments, had a bank balance of \$70,373 at June 30, 2013, which was fully insured by depository insurance or secured with collateral held by the Town's agent in its name. All investments, evidenced by individual securities, are registered in the name of the Town or one of its component units.

*Investment Interest Rate Risk* - The Town has no formal investment policy that limits investments maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates. Maturities of investments held at June 30, 2013 are provided in the schedule above. Nonnegotiable certificates of deposit are not subject to interest rate risk, therefore their maturity dates are not provided.

*Investment Credit Risk* - The Town as no investment policy which limits its investment choices other than the limitation of state law as follows:

- a. Direct obligations of the U.S. Government, its agencies and instrumentalities to which the full faith and credit of the U.S. Government is pledged or obligations to the payment of which the full faith and credit of the State is pledged.
- b. Certificates of Deposit or savings accounts that are either insured or secured with acceptable collateral with in-state financial institutions, and fully insured certificates of deposit or savings accounts in out-of-state financial institutions.
- c. With certain limitation, negotiable certificates of deposit, prime bankers acceptances, prime commercial paper and repurchase agreements with certain limitations.
- d. County, municipal or school district tax supported debt obligations, bond or revenue anticipation notes, money judgments, or bond or revenue anticipation notes of public trust whose beneficiary is a county, municipality or school district.

### NOTE 2 - CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, RESTRICTED CASH AND INVESTMENTS, Continued

- e. Notes or bonds secured by mortgage or trust deed insured by the Federal Housing Administrator and debentures issued by the Federal Housing Administrator, and in obligations of the National Mortgage Association.
- f. Money market funds regulated by the SEC and in which investments consist of the investments mentioned in the previous paragraphs a., b., c., and d.

Concentration of Investment Credit Risk - The Town places no limit on the amount it may invest in any one issuer. At June 30, 2013, the Town had limited concentration of credit risk.

#### NOTE 3 - ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE

Accounts receivable in the enterprise fund represent utility billings at June 30, 2013. As of this date, no allowance is considered necessary. In the governmental funds, accounts receivable represents receivables for taxes.

#### **NOTE 4 - CAPITAL ASSETS**

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2013 is as follows:

Governmental Activities:	Balance 6/30/2012	Additions	Deletions	Balance 6/30/2013
Buildings	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Machinery and Equipment	54,64 <u>5</u>	Ψ -	Ψ -	54,645
Macimiery and Equipment	54,645			54,645
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	<u> </u>			21,012
Machinery and Equipment	30,138	7,806	<u>-</u>	37,944
Total Accumulated Depreciation	30,138	7,806	<u>-</u>	37,944
-	24,507	(7,806)	<u>=</u>	16,701
Business-type Activities:				
Depreciable Assets:				
Machinery and Equipment	11,144	-	-	11,144
Buildings	58,940	-	-	58,940
Water System	292,613	-	-	292,613
Sewer System	1,038,148			1,038,148
	1,400,845	<u> </u>		1,400,845
	1,400,845	<u>-</u>		1,400,845
Less: Accumulated Depreciation				
Buildings	23,190	1,473	-	24,663
Water and Sewer System	654,428	28,811	-	683,239
Machinery and Equipment	11,143	<del>_</del>	<del>_</del>	11,143
Total Accumulated Depreciation	688,761	30,284	<del>_</del>	719,045
	712,084	(30,284)		681,800
	\$ 736,591	\$ (38,090)	\$ -	\$ 698,501

#### **NOTE 5 - LONG-TERM DEBT**

Long-term debt consists of the following debts owed by the Bluejacket Public Works Authority. A summary of long-term debt follows:

#### Rural Development:

Note payable to Rural Development at 5% interest rate, payable in monthly installments of \$1,056, including interest until March 19, 2031 with a balance due of \$147,540.

#### GMAC Commercial Mortgage:

Loan balance to GMAC at 5% interest rate, payable in annual installments of \$9,491 until January 1, 2014 with a balance due of \$7,130.

	<u>6/30/2012</u>	Incre	eases	De	creases	<u>6/.</u>	<u>30/2013</u>	<u>On</u>	ie Year
Business-type Activities:									
Rural Development Notes	\$ 152,694	\$	-	\$	5,154	\$	147,540	\$	5,418
GMAC	15,910				8,780		7,130		7,130
	\$ 168,604	\$		\$	13,934	\$	154,670	\$	12,548

Maturities of long-term debt are as follow:

	Principal		
Year Ending June 30,	<b>Payments</b>	<b>Payments</b>	<u>Total</u>
2014	12,548	7,624	20,172
2015	5,695	6,977	12,672
2016	5,987	6,685	12,672
2017	6,293	6,379	12,672
2018	6,615	6,057	12,672
2019 to 2023	38,512	24,848	63,360
2024 to 2028	49,425	13,935	63,360
2029 to 2031	29,595	1,940	31,535
	\$ 154,670	\$ 74,445	\$ 229,115

#### **NOTE 6 - LITIGATION**

Neither the Town nor the Authority has any pending claims or lawsuits against them as of June 30, 2013, the outcome of which would result in a material liability or damage claim.

#### **NOTE 7 – CONTINGENCIES**

The entity is subject to possible examinations by federal regulators who determine compliance with terms, conditions, laws and regulations governing grants given to the entity in the current and prior years. These examinations may result in required refunds by the entity to the federal grantors and/or program beneficiaries.

#### **NOTE 8 - RISK MANAGEMENT**

The Town is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets, errors and omissions injuries to employees; and natural disasters for which the Town purchases commercial insurance.

Management believes this coverage is sufficient to preclude any significant uninsured losses to the Town. Settled claims have not exceeded coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

#### TOWN OF BLUEJACKET, OKLAHOMA REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

GENERAL FUND		riginal Sudget	_	Final <u>Budget</u>		<u>Actual</u>		Variance Positive (Negative)	
Revenues:									
Taxes	\$	30,000	\$	30,000	\$	25,129	\$	(4,871)	
Traffic Fines		15,000		15,000		27,075		12,075	
Grant Income		2,500		2,500		36,465		33,965	
Miscellaneous		2,500		2,500		25		(2,475)	
Interest		25		25		9		(16)	
<b>Total Revenues</b>		50,025		50,025		88,703		38,678	
Expenditures:									
General Government									
Personal Services		14,000		14,000		14,145		(145)	
Maintenance and Operations		14,525		14,525		18,650		(4,125)	
Operating Grant Expenditures		500		500		41,690		(41,190)	
<b>Emergency Maintenance</b>									
Maintenance and Operations		500		500		617		(117)	
Park									
Maintenance and Operations		5,000		5,000		5,182		(182)	
Street and Alley									
Maintenance and Operations		-		-		105		(105)	
Public Safety									
Traffic Fine Expense		15,000		15,000		15,338		(338)	
Capital Outlay		500		500				500	
<b>Total Expenditures</b>		50,025		50,025		95,727		(45,702)	
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$		\$	<u>-</u>	\$	(7,024)	\$	(7,024)	
STREET AND ALLEY		riginal		Final			Po	riance sitive	
_	<u>B</u>	<u>udget</u>	-	<u>Budget</u>	<u>A</u>	ctual	(Ne	<u>gative)</u>	
Revenues:									
Taxes	\$	2,000	\$	2,000	\$	3,058	\$	1,058	
<b>Total Revenues</b>		2,000		2,000		3,058		1,058	
Expenditures:									
Maintenance and Operations		2,000	-	2,000		1,613		387	
<b>Total Expenditures</b>		2,000		2,000		1,613		387	
Net Change in Fund									
Balance	\$		\$	<u>-</u>	\$	1,445	\$	1,445	

#### TOWN OF BLUEJACKET, OKLAHOMA REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

		0.1.1		T. 1				ariance
FIRE DEPARTMENT		Original		Final			Positive Jegative)	
Revenues:		Budget		Budget		Actual	_(1)	<u>(egauve)</u>
Dues	\$	10,000	\$	10,000	\$	10,477	\$	477
Operating Grants	Ψ	7,500	4	7,500	Ψ.	8,067	Ψ.	567
Interest		300		300		56		(244)
Miscellaneous		5,000		5,000		15		(4,985)
<b>Total Revenues</b>		22,800		22,800		18,615		(4,185)
Expenditures:								
Personal Service		1,500		1,500		1,300		200
Maintenance and Operations		17,000		17,000		16,543		457
Miscellaneous		200		200		-		200
Operating Grant Expenditures		4,100		4,100		8,067		(3,967)
<b>Total Expenditures</b>		22,800		22,800		25,910	-	(3,110)
Net Change in Fund								
Balance	\$		\$		\$	(7,295)	\$	(7,295)
CEMETERY		Original		Final			I	ariance Positive
		Budget		Budget		Actual	<u>(N</u>	<u>legative)</u>
Revenues:	Φ.	2 000	Φ.	• 000	Φ.	2.474	Φ.	
Donations	\$	2,900	\$	2,900	\$	3,454	\$	554
Interest		10		10		3		(7)
Miscellaneous		1,000		1,000		400		(600)
<b>Total Revenues</b>		3,910		3,910		3,857		(53)
Expenditures:								
Maintenance and Operations		3,400		3,400		2,907		493
Miscellaneous		510		510		1,300		(790)
<b>Total Expenditures</b>		3,910		3,910		4,207		(297)
Net Change in Fund								
Balance	\$	_	\$	=	\$	(350)	\$	(350)

#### CYNTHIA L WARREN CPA, P.C.

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# REPORT ON COMPLIANCE AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Board of Commissioners Town of Bluejacket Bluejacket, Oklahoma

I have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the Town of Bluejacket, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2013, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the basic financial statements and have issued my report thereon dated April 20, 2014.

#### **Internal Control over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing my audit of the financial statements, I considered the Town of Bluejacket's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing my opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town's internal control. Accordingly, I do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

My consideration of the internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weakness or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. Given these limitations, during my audit I did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that I consider to be material weakness. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified. I did identify certain deficiencies in internal control, as described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as Finding #2013-01 that I consider to be a significant deficiency.

#### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement, I performed tests of compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statements amounts. However providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of my audit and, accordingly, I do not express such an opinion. The results of my tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

#### Town of Bluejacket's Response to Findings

The Town of Bluejacket's response to the findings identified in my audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. The Town of Bluejacket's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, I express no opinion on it.

#### **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of my testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Town's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Cynthia L Warren CPA, P.C. Eufaula, Oklahoma April 10, 2014

#### TOWN OF BLUEJACKET, OKLAHOMA SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

#### #2013-01 Lack of Segregation of Duties

*Criteria:* The Town should have a sufficient and properly designed internal control structure. This structure relies greatly on a proper segregation of duties between individuals. In the perfect situation, duties relating to initiating, authorizing, recording, processing and reporting financial data would be segregated to provide a less than remote likelihood that a misstatement of the authority's financial statements which is more than inconsequential would be prevented or detected.

**Condition:** The Town has one administrative employee and as a result does not have the personnel to assign duties and responsibilities in such a way which would segregate duties as mentioned above. The limited number of employees results in an inadequate overall internal control structure design. This employee does not have the qualifications for review of the audited financial statements to ensure accuracy. Specific areas affected are described below:

Cash and Cash transactions - Only one individual, the Town Clerk, controls the initiating, recording, processing and reporting of cash transactions.

Revenues and Receivables - The Town Clerk has sole control over the processing of revenues and receivables.

*Expenditures/Expenses and Accounts Payable* - The Town Clerk controls the recording, processing and reporting of expenditures/expenses.

*Cause:* Due to cost restrictions, the Town has limited staff. Resources are not currently available for additional employees for the appropriate segregation of duties.

**Effect:** The lack of segregation of duties related to controls as stated above are significant deficiencies that could result in the likelihood that a material misstatement of the financial statements may occur and not be prevented or detected.

**Recommendation:** As the Town has limited resources available, at the current time, additional segregation of duties is not financially feasible. The Town should review its procedures and controls to determine additional controls which can be implemented in order to achieve the control objectives related to segregation of duties. The cost effectiveness of these actions should be considered in the implementation of additional controls.

#### Response from Management:

The management of the Town has reviewed and discussed the Town's responsibilities over internal controls. As a result of this review, management has considered the cost effectiveness of additional segregation of duties for compliance of the application of generally accepted accounting principles. Due to the limitations of resources available at the current time, it has been determined that it is not feasible to increase the segregation of duties.

Contact Person: Mayor, Town of Bluejacket